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Fill in this information to identify your case:		
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:		
DISTRICT OF MARYLAND-GREENBELT DIVISION		
Case number (if known)	Chapter you are filing under:	
	☐ Chapter 7	
	☐ Chapter 11	
	☐ Chapter 12	
	■ Chapter 13	☐ Check if this an amended filing

Official Form 101

Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

12/15

The bankruptcy forms use you and Debtor 1 to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, these forms use you to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, "Do you own a car," the answer would be yes if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Par	Part 1: Identify Yourself				
		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):		
1.	Your full name				
	Write the name that is on your government-issued picture identification (for example, your driver's license or passport). Bring your picture identification to your meeting with the trustee.	Assitow First name A. Middle name Thiam Last name and Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	First name Middle name Last name and Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)		
2.	All other names you have used in the last 8 years Include your married or maiden names.	Assitou Adje Assitou Thiam Assitou Adje-Thiam			
3.	Only the last 4 digits of your Social Security number or federal Individual Taxpayer Identification number (ITIN)	xxx-xx-6671			

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Debtor 1 Assitow A. Thiam

Case number (if known)

		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):		
4.	Any business names and Employer Identification Numbers (EIN) you have used in the last 8 years	■ I have not used any business name or EINs. Business name(s)	☐ I have not used any business name or EINs.		
	doing business as names	Dusiliess Harrie(s)	Business name(s)		
		EINs	EINs		
5.	Where you live	122 Snowy Owl Drive	If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:		
		Silver Spring, MD 20901 Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code	Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code		
			Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code		
		Montgomery County	County		
		If your mailing address is different from the one above, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to you at this mailing address.	If Debtor 2's mailing address is different from yours, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to this mailing address.		
		Number, P.O. Box, Street, City, State & ZIP Code	Number, P.O. Box, Street, City, State & ZIP Code		
6.	Why you are choosing this district to file for	Check one:	Check one:		
	bankruptcy	Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.	Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.		
		☐ I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)	☐ I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)		

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Debtor 1 Assitow A. Thiam				Case number (if known)			
Par	t 2: Tell the Court About	Your Bank	ruptcy Ca	ase			
7.	The chapter of the Bankruptcy Code you are				f each, see <i>Notice Required by</i> page 1 and check the appropriate	11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bank e box.	ruptcy
	choosing to file under	☐ Chapt	er 7				
		☐ Chapt	er 11				
		☐ Chapt	er 12				
		■ Chapt	er 13				
8.	How you will pay the fee	abo ord	I will pay the entire fee when I file my petition. Please check with the clerk's office in your local court for more details about how you may pay. Typically, if you are paying the fee yourself, you may pay with cash, cashier's check, or money order. If your attorney is submitting your payment on your behalf, your attorney may pay with a credit card or check with a pre-printed address.				
					Ilments. If you choose this optic (Official Form 103A).	n, sign and attach the Application for Individuals	to Pay
		☐ I re but app	quest that is not recolles to yo	at my fee be waiv quired to, waive yo our family size and	yed (You may request this option our fee, and may do so only if yo you are unable to pay the fee in	only if you are filing for Chapter 7. By law, a jud ur income is less than 150% of the official povertins installments). If you choose this option, you mu	ty line that
	Have you filed for	the Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived (Official Form 103B) and file it with your petition.					
9.	bankruptcy within the	No.					
	last 8 years?	☐ Yes.					
			District	-	When	Case number	
			District		When	Case number	
			District		When	Case number	
10.	Are any bankruptcy cases pending or being	■ No					
	filed by a spouse who is not filing this case with you, or by a business partner, or by an affiliate?	☐ Yes.					
			Debtor			Relationship to you	
			District		When	Case number, if known	
			Debtor			Relationship to you	
			District		When	Case number, if known	
11.	Do you rent your residence?	■ No.	Go to	line 12.			
	residence :	☐ Yes.	Has yo	our landlord obtair	ned an eviction judgment agains	t you and do you want to stay in your residence?	,
				No. Go to line 12	2.		
				Yes. Fill out <i>Initi</i> bankruptcy petiti		ludgment Against You (Form 101A) and file it wi	th this

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Debtor 1 Assitow A. Thiam			Case number (if known)			
Par	Poport About Any Ru	icinoccoc	You Own as a Sole Propi	riotor		
		1311163363	Tou Own as a sole i Topi	IGIOI		
12. Are you a sole proprietor of any full- or part-time business?		■ No.	Go to Part 4.			
		☐ Yes.	Name and location of b	pusiness		
	A sole proprietorship is a					
	business you operate as an individual, and is not a separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or LLC.		Name of business, if an	ny		
	If you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a		Number, Street, City, S	State & ZIP Code		
	separate sheet and attach it to this petition.		Check the appropriate	box to describe your business:		
				siness (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(27A))		
			_	eal Estate (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51B))		
			_ •	s defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(53A))		
			_ `	oker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6))		
			☐ None of the abo	- '''		
13.	Are you filing under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and are you a small business debtor? For a definition of small business debtor, see 11 U.S.C. § 101(51D).	deadline operation	s. If you indicate that you a ns, cash-flow statement, an S.C. 1116(1)(B). I am not filing under Ch I am filing under Chapt Code.	the court must know whether you are a small business debtor so that it can set appropriate a small business debtor, you must attach your most recent balance sheet, statement of dederal income tax return or if any of these documents do not exist, follow the procedure mapter 11. The statement of the definition in the Bankruptcy are 11, but I am NOT a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy are 11 and I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code.		
Par	t 4: Report if You Own or	· Have Any	/ Hazardous Property or /	Any Property That Needs Immediate Attention		
14.	Do you own or have any	■ No.				
	property that poses or is alleged to pose a threat of imminent and identifiable hazard to	■ No. ☐ Yes.	What is the hazard?			
	public health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs immediate attention?		If immediate attention is needed, why is it needed	?		
	For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building that needs urgent repairs?		Where is the property?			
	Q :			Number, Street, City, State & Zip Code		

Debtor 1 Assitow A. Thiam

Case number (if known)

Part 5:

Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling

 Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:

You must check one:

I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

□ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy. If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

☐ I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:

☐ Incapacity.

I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

☐ Disability.

My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

☐ Active duty.

I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver credit counseling with the court.

About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):

You must check one:

□ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

□ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

I am not required to receive a briefing about credit
counseling because of:

☐ Incapacity.

I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

☐ Disability.

My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

☐ Active duty.

I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

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Deb	tor 1 Assitow A. Thiam			Case number (if known)				
Part	6: Answer These Quest	ions for R	eporting Purposes					
16.	What kind of debts do you have?	16a.		Are your debts primarily consumer debts? Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."				
			☐ No. Go to line 16b.					
			Yes. Go to line 17.					
		16b.		business debts? Business debts are vestment or through the operation of		btain		
			□ No. Go to line 16c.					
			☐ Yes. Go to line 17.					
		16c.	State the type of debts you	owe that are not consumer debts or	business debts			
17.	Are you filing under Chapter 7?	■ No.	I am not filing under Chapte	er 7. Go to line 18.				
	Do you estimate that after any exempt	☐ Yes.		. Do you estimate that after any exen available to distribute to unsecured co		administrative expenses		
	property is excluded and administrative expenses		□ No					
	are paid that funds will be available for		□Yes					
	distribution to unsecured creditors?							
18.	How many Creditors do	■ 1-49		□ 1,000-5,000	☐ 25,001-50,0			
	you estimate that you owe?	■ 1-49 □ 50-99	ı	☐ 5001-10,000	□ 50,001-100,			
	owe:	□ 100-1		□ 10,001-25,000	☐ More than 10	00,000		
		□ 200-9	99					
19.	How much do you	□ \$0 - \$	50,000	☐ \$1,000,001 - \$10 million	□ \$500,000,00	01 - \$1 billion		
	estimate your assets to be worth?		01 - \$100,000	□ \$10,000,001 - \$50 millio		001 - \$10 billion		
			001 - \$500,000	□ \$50,000,001 - \$100 millio □ \$100,000,001 - \$500 mil		0,001 - \$50 billion		
		= \$500,	001 - \$1 million	<u> </u>	more than ϕ	- Simon		
20.	How much do you		550,000	□ \$1,000,001 - \$10 million				
	estimate your liabilities to be?		001 - \$100,000	\$10,000,001 - \$50 millio		,001 - \$10 billion		
			001 - \$500,000 001 - \$1 million	□ \$50,000,001 - \$100 millio □ \$100,000,001 - \$500 mil		0,001 - \$50 billion \$50 billion		
		— \$500,		— \$100,000,001 \$000 11111				
Part	7: Sign Below							
For	you	I have ex	camined this petition, and I de	eclare under penalty of perjury that the	ne information provided is tru	e and correct.		
				7, I am aware that I may proceed, if relief available under each chapter,				
				I not pay or agree to pay someone w the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 34	or agree to pay someone who is not an attorney to help me fill out this required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b).			
		I request	relief in accordance with the	e chapter of title 11, United States Co	de, specified in this petition.			
		bankrupt and 3571	cy case can result in fines up	nt, concealing property, or obtaining root \$250,000, or imprisonment for up				
		Assitov	v A. Thiam e of Debtor 1	Signature o	of Debtor 2			
		Executed	d on August 1, 2016 MM / DD / YYYY	Executed o	mM / DD / YYYY			
			/ 00 / 1111		, DD / 1111			

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Debtor 1 Assitow A. Thiam Case number (if known)

For your attorney, if you are represented by one

If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page. I, the attorney for the debtor(s) named in this petition, declare that I have informed the debtor(s) about eligibility to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each chapter for which the person is eligible. I also certify that I have delivered to the debtor(s) the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) and, in a case in which § 707(b)(4)(D) applies, certify that I have no knowledge after an inquiry that the information in the schedules filed with the petition is incorrect.

/s/ Tommy Andrews, Jr. MD Bar #	# Date /	August 1, 2016
Signature of Attorney for Debtor		MM / DD / YYYY
Tommy Andrews, Jr. MD Bar #		
Printed name		
Tommy Andrews, Jr., P.C.		
Firm name		
122 North Alfred Street		
Alexandria, VA 22314		
Number, Street, City, State & ZIP Code		
Contact phone 703.838.9004	Email address	
12521		
Bar number & State		_

Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy (Form 2010)

This notice is for you if:

You are an individual filing for bankruptcy, and

Your debts are primarily consumer debts. Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

The types of bankruptcy that are available to individuals

Individuals who meet the qualifications may file under one of four different chapters of Bankruptcy Code:

Chapter 7 - Liquidation

Chapter 11 - Reorganization

Chapter 12 - Voluntary repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

Chapter 13 - Voluntary repayment plan for individuals with regular income

You should have an attorney review your decision to file for bankruptcy and the choice of chapter.

Chapter 7:	Liquidation
\$245	filing fee
\$75	administrative fee
+ \$15	trustee surcharge
\$335	total fee

Chapter 7 is for individuals who have financial difficulty preventing them from paying their debts and who are willing to allow their nonexempt property to be used to pay their creditors. The primary purpose of filing under chapter 7 is to have your debts discharged. The bankruptcy discharge relieves you after bankruptcy from having to pay many of your pre-bankruptcy debts. Exceptions exist for particular debts, and liens on property may still be enforced after discharge. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

However, if the court finds that you have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, the court may deny your discharge.

You should know that even if you file chapter 7 and you receive a discharge, some debts are not discharged under the law. Therefore, you may still be responsible to pay:

most taxes;

most student loans;

domestic support and property settlement obligations;

most fines, penalties, forfeitures, and criminal restitution obligations; and

certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers.

You may also be required to pay debts arising from:

fraud or theft;

fraud or defalcation while acting in breach of fiduciary capacity;

intentional injuries that you inflicted; and

death or personal injury caused by operating a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.

If your debts are primarily consumer debts, the court can dismiss your chapter 7 case if it finds that you have enough income to repay creditors a certain amount. You must file *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 122A–1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income that applies in your state.

If your income is not above the median for your state, you will not have to complete the other chapter 7 form, the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2).

If your income is above the median for your state, you must file a second form —the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2). The calculations on the form— sometimes called the *Means Test*—deduct from your income living expenses and payments on certain debts to determine any amount available to pay unsecured creditors. If

your income is more than the median income for your state of residence and family size, depending on the results of the *Means Test*, the U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or creditors can file a motion to dismiss your case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. If a motion is filed, the court will decide if your case should be dismissed. To avoid dismissal, you may choose to proceed under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

If you are an individual filing for chapter 7 bankruptcy, the trustee may sell your property to pay your debts, subject to your right to exempt the property or a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property. The property, and the proceeds from property that your bankruptcy trustee sells or liquidates that you are entitled to, is called *exempt property*. Exemptions may enable you to keep your home, a car, clothing, and household items or to receive some of the proceeds if the property is sold.

Exemptions are not automatic. To exempt property, you must list it on *Schedule C: The Property You Claim as Exempt* (Official Form 106C). If you do not list the property, the trustee may sell it and pay all of the proceeds to your creditors.

Chapter 11: Reorganization

\$1,167 filing fee

+ \$550 administrative fee

\$1,717 total fee

Chapter 11 is often used for reorganizing a business, but is also available to individuals. The provisions of chapter 11 are too complicated to summarize briefly.

Read These Important Warnings

Because bankruptcy can have serious long-term financial and legal consequences, including loss of your property, you should hire an attorney and carefully consider all of your options before you file. Only an attorney can give you legal advice about what can happen as a result of filing for bankruptcy and what your options are. If you do file for bankruptcy, an attorney can help you fill out the forms properly and protect you, your family, your home, and your possessions.

Although the law allows you to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, you should understand that many people find it difficult to represent themselves successfully. The rules are technical, and a mistake or inaction may harm you. If you file without an attorney, you are still responsible for knowing and following all of the legal requirements.

You should not file for bankruptcy if you are not eligible to file or if you do not intend to file the necessary documents.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned if you commit fraud in your bankruptcy case. Making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

Chapter 12: Repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

	\$200	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$275	total fee

Similar to chapter 13, chapter 12 permits family farmers and fishermen to repay their debts over a period of time using future earnings and to discharge some debts that are not paid.

Chapter 13: Repayment plan for individuals with regular income

	\$235	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$310	total fee

Chapter 13 is for individuals who have regular income and would like to pay all or part of their debts in installments over a period of time and to discharge some debts that are not paid. You are eligible for chapter 13 only if your debts are not more than certain dollar amounts set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 109.

Under chapter 13, you must file with the court a plan to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, usually using your future earnings. If the court approves your plan, the court will allow you to repay your debts, as adjusted by the plan, within 3 years or 5 years, depending on your income and other factors.

After you make all the payments under your plan, many of your debts are discharged. The debts that are not discharged and that you may still be responsible to pay include:

domestic support obligations,

most student loans,

certain taxes.

debts for fraud or theft,

debts for fraud or defalcation while acting in a fiduciary capacity,

most criminal fines and restitution obligations,

certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers,

certain debts for acts that caused death or personal injury, and

certain long-term secured debts.

Warning: File Your Forms on Time

Section 521(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that you promptly file detailed information about your creditors, assets, liabilities, income, expenses and general financial condition. The court may dismiss your bankruptcy case if you do not file this information within the deadlines set by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the local rules of the court.

For more information about the documents and their deadlines, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/bkforms/bankruptcy_forms.html#procedure.

Bankruptcy crimes have serious consequences

If you knowingly and fraudulently conceal assets or make a false oath or statement under penalty of perjury—either orally or in writing—in connection with a bankruptcy case, you may be fined, imprisoned, or both.

All information you supply in connection with a bankruptcy case is subject to examination by the Attorney General acting through the Office of the U.S. Trustee, the Office of the U.S. Attorney, and other offices and employees of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Make sure the court has your mailing address

The bankruptcy court sends notices to the mailing address you list on *Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy* (Official Form 101). To ensure that you receive information about your case, Bankruptcy Rule 4002 requires that you notify the court of any changes in your address.

A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*. If you file a joint case and each spouse lists the same mailing address on the bankruptcy petition, the bankruptcy court generally will mail you and your spouse one copy of each notice, unless you file a statement with the court asking that each spouse receive separate copies.

Understand which services you could receive from credit counseling agencies

The law generally requires that you receive a credit counseling briefing from an approved credit counseling agency. 11 U.S.C. § 109(h). If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must receive the briefing. With limited exceptions, you must receive it within the 180 days *before* you file your bankruptcy petition. This briefing is usually conducted by telephone or on the Internet.

In addition, after filing a bankruptcy case, you generally must complete a financial management instructional course before you can receive a discharge. If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must complete the course.

You can obtain the list of agencies approved to provide both the briefing and the instructional course from: http://justice.gov/ust/eo/hapcpa/ccde/cc_approved.html

In Alabama and North Carolina, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/BankruptcyResources/ApprovedCredit AndDebtCounselors.aspx.

If you do not have access to a computer, the clerk of the bankruptcy court may be able to help you obtain the list.

United States Bankruptcy Court District of Maryland-Greenbelt Division

		District of Wat yland-Of compete Divis	51011	
•	Assitow A. Thiam		Case No.	
		Debtor(s)	Chapter	13
	VER	RIFICATION OF CREDITOR I	MATRIX	
abo	ove-named Debtor hereby verifies	s that the attached list of creditors is true and co	orrect to the best	of his/her knowledge.
ite:	August 1, 2016	/s/ Assitow A. Thiam		
		Assitow A. Thiam		

Signature of Debtor

ChexSystems
Attn: Consumer Relations
7805 Hudson Rd., Suite 100
Saint Paul MN 55125

Early Warning Services 16552 N 90th St. Scottsdale AZ 85255

Telecheck Services PO Box 17120 Denver CO 80217-0120

Equifax Check Services PO Box 30272 Tampa FL 33630-3272

TransUnion P.O. Box 2000 Chester PA 19022

Experian 475 Anton Blvd Costa Mesa CA 92626

Internal Revenue Service - MD Special Procedures Staff P.O. Box 1076 Baltimore MD 21203-1076

Comptroller of Maryland Revenue Administration Division Annapolis MD 21411-0001

Argyle Properties, LLC c/o Daniel Kranberg, Esq. 276 Great Rd, Bedford MA 01730

BP Fisher Law Group, LLP 174 Waterfront St., Ste. 400 Oxon Hill MD 20745 Caliber Home Loans, Inc. 13801 Wireless Way Oklahoma City OK 73134

Capital One P.O. Box 85015 Richmond VA 23285-5015

Discover Financial Services PO Box 15316 Wilmington DE 19850-5316

District of Columbia Professional Account Mgmt, LLC PO Box 37038 Washington DC 20013-7038

Harris McLean 701 Newton Place, NW Washington DC 20010

Mbaye Thiam Villa No. 1 West Farre Dakar, Senagal

Mercedes Benz Financial 2050 Roanoke Rd. Roanoke TX 76262

Neubergerm Quinn, Gielen, Rubin & Gibber, P.A. c/o Diane C. Bristow, Esq. One South St., 27th Floor Baltimore MD 21202-3282

Peroutka & Peroutka PA Stephen G. Peroutka 8028 Ritchie Hgyy #300 Pasadena MD 21122

Realty Management Services, Inc. dba Cole Spring Plaza Apts. 1953 Gallows Rd., Suite 240 Vienna VA 22182 Rock Creek Plaza-Woodner, LP dba Rock Creek Plaza Apts. 1953 Gallows Rd., Suite 240 Vienna VA 22182

Schlee & Stillman, LLC PO Box 2780 Farmington MI 48334

Scott Kramer, Esq. 702 King Farm Blvd, 5th Fl. Rockville MD 20850

Scott Kramer, Esq. 702 King Farm Blvd., 5th Floor Rockville MD 20850

Silver Spring Investors, LLC 1919 West St., #100 Annapolis MD 21401

State of Maryland Comptroller of the Treasury 301 West Preston Street Baltimore MD 21201

Woods Cove II, LLC c/o Shannon Menapace, Esq. PO Box 159 Phoenix MD 21131